

Senate Change In Article X Shocks British

Newspapers Express Hope
America Yet Will Decide
to Enter League on Equal-
ity With Other Powers

French Are Receptive

Disposed to Permit Res-
ervations That Do Not
Affect Treaty Basically

NEW YORK TRIBUNE
European Bureau

LONDON, Nov. 15.—The English press expresses unqualified surprise over the adoption by the United States Senate of a reservation to Article X of the peace treaty. To the man in the street the Senate's action comes as a complete upset of his preconceived idea of America's attitude toward the league of nations. He had been led to believe that the covenant was an American idea, and the opposition, of which he has been meagerly informed only, was considered merely as a piece of political strategy on the part of President Wilson's opponents.

It was generally believed in this country that President Wilson had the American opinion behind him and that the Senate, although containing a few objectors among the Republicans, ultimately would ratify the treaty unqualifiedly as have Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan. Hence the adoption of reservations which emasculate the league comes as a considerable shock to the British.

Duchie's People's View

From now a few of the newspapers press the opinion of the mass of the English people when they declare that the Senate's reservations will be overcome by some means and that the treaty with the covenant intact will be the result.

"The covenant promises to be a singularly paltry affair before the Senate," says the Daily News. "The Senate will not even touch it. It must be recognized that the prospects of the United States coming into the league of nations on the same footing with other nations are becoming increasingly remote."

"President Wilson's illness has been a profound misfortune. In the full tide of his activity he never would have stood by and watched the Senate making repudiations of implied pledges which he himself had given. This action is a blow to the hopes of the rest of the world from which they never will recover. America's attitude is a grave blow to those who have looked across the Atlantic for the full usefulness of leadership in the task of reorganizing the world."

"America Needs Education"

"But America's relative defection must not be taken too seriously. America, like the rest of the world, needs education. The attitude of the Senate, if it cannot command admiration, need not evoke reproaches. The Senate may and may not represent the mind of America today, but it is altogether unlikely that it represents the country's mind next year or the year after. If the league begins its work at the end of this month, America will hardly welcome the prospect of a nation of the dignity and importance of the United States being dissociated from the league as the result of today's reservations and understanding. Time will remedy the attitude of the Senate."

"The Daily Express" says: "We regret the Senate's decision, but in taking up its attitude, it is only maintaining the traditional policy of the United States of non-interference in the quar-

rels of nations outside the Western Hemisphere. We still, however, hold the belief that America will enter for good and all into the field of international politics."

PARIS, Nov. 15.—The French Foreign Office considers the reservations to the German peace treaty in the American Senate as constituting a question of extreme delicacy, and the office is not disposed at present to make an official statement. Nevertheless, persons of importance in French diplomacy express the view that the French government would be disposed to accept reservations by the American Senate which would not require France and its allies to reopen questions already settled by the plenipotentiaries.

On the other hand they hold that any Senate amendment comprising the essential bases of the Versailles treaty, textually ratified by the Allies and Germany, could not be favorably accepted by the Allies.

They declare the French policy—agreeing in this with the British—is a disposition to accept the giving to the treaty by America of such an interpretation as its future foreign policy would entail, but that changes which would require the creation of international arrangements different from those to which the American plenipotentiaries subscribed on June 28 could not be accepted.

Rioters Storm Berlin

World League Meeting

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—Demonstrators last night stormed the meeting arranged by Matthias Erzberger, Vice-Premier and Minister of Finance, at which speeches favoring the league of nations were made. The police cleared the hall and quiet was restored.

Professor Walther Schuecking, chairman of the meeting, was insulted and threatened with violence. Deputy Lawrenz attacked Herr Erzberger, saying he was responsible for the empires ruin. The meeting concluded in confusion, the audience singing imperial and national songs.

Three mass meetings have been called for to-morrow by the Majority Socialists for the purpose, the announcement states, of "rousing the police authorities from their sleep."

It is declared an attempt is being made to use the presence in Berlin of Field Marshal von Hindenburg as "a fire on which the German national soup can be brought to a boil."

Swiss Favor Joining

League of Nations

BERNE, Nov. 15.—In the discussion on Switzerland's entry into the league of nations at yesterday's session of the national council, Councillor Ming, of the Catholic party, said he regretted that Switzerland's ancient policy of neutrality could not be maintained under the Versailles treaty. He favored the entry of Switzerland into the league of nations, which, "if not an irreproachable institution, will, however, contribute to attenuate the horrors of another war between armed nations."

M. Vailler, a liberal member of the council, asserted that all Latin-Switzerland favored Swiss membership in the league.

Chinese Loan a Renewal

\$30,000,000 Credit From U. S.

Group Carries Option

PEKING, Nov. 9 (By The Associated Press).—(Delayed).—Fuller information now available shows that the \$30,000,000 loan which China recently signed with an American banking group represented by the Continental Commercial Bank of Chicago, was provided for under a wine and tobacco loan contract, signed by John J. Abbott, vice-president of the bank, and the Chinese government in November, 1918. The terms of this contract gave the banks a sixty days' option on all future loans which the Chinese government might wish to raise on this security.

Consequently, the present loan is a continuation of an old agreement rather than a newly negotiated transaction. Moreover, the agreement provides safeguards on the expenditure of the money, while an American adviser will be appointed to the wine and tobacco bureau.

Moscow Says 'Red' Army Has Occupied Omsk

Reports Kolchak Force Re-
treating East and 70,000
Rebels in Denikine's Rear
Seize Black Sea Ports

Moves on Ukrainians

All Russian Column Is
Ordered to Seize Kiev:
Rail Communication Cut

LONDON, Nov. 15.—Omsk, capital of the All-Russian government, has been occupied by the Russian Bolsheviks, a Moscow official communiqué received here to-day asserts.

The Kolchak forces, the statement adds, are retreating in an easterly direction.

[The evacuation of Omsk by all but the military defenders of the place was decided upon by the Kolchak government early this month after the Bolsheviks had captured Petropavlovsk and Ishim and were threatening an advance on the All-Russian capital.]

[Direct dispatches from Omsk dated November 6 announced that this evacuation virtually had been effected, leaving little but the military in and about the city. It was indicated that Omsk would be defended stoutly by the Kolchak troops. The capture of Omsk, if confirmed, will compel the removal of the seat of the All-Russian government further eastward. Some of the government departments already have been located at Tomsk, on the trans-siberian line, about 350 miles east of Omsk, while others were to be quartered at Irkutsk, in Central Siberia.]

Rebellion Against Denikine

The eastern coast of the Black Sea from Yelenshik to Sochy has been seized by an insurgent army of 70,000 men operating in the rear of the forces of General Denikine, the anti-Bolshevik leader on the southwestern Russian front, according to a wireless dispatch from Moscow. Soviets have been formed, the dispatch adds.

The insurgents captured Mariopol, 140 miles southeast of Yekaterinoslav; Berdiansk, forty-five miles southwest of Mariopol; and Alexandrovsk, fifty miles south of Yekaterinoslav. General Denikine has allotted troops to suppress the rising.

General Denikine has given orders for the evacuation of Kiev, the Ukrainian Press Bureau announced this afternoon. The Ukrainians, it was asserted, had cut Denikine's railway communications with the city.

12,000 Bolsheviks Captured

HELSINGFORS, Finland, Nov. 15.—In the course of the recent offensive by General Yudenich, his forces captured 12,000 Bolsheviks, according to a Northwestern army report to-day. The report also declares that 6,000 casualties were suffered by the Bolshevik forces. It is reported here that all the

Bolshevik commissioners engaged in the campaign have been executed. The headquarters statement announces that the defense is being conducted successfully around Pskov and Ostrov.

Sweden Is Preparing For Petrograd's Fall

Red Cross Will Co-operate With
Denmark and Norway in Ex-
tending Aid to City's Populace

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The fall of Petrograd to the anti-Bolshevik forces is reported in Swedish circles to be inevitable. The Swedish Red Cross is planning to co-operate with the Red Cross societies of Norway and Denmark when the city falls, under an agreement by which Norway would furnish medical supplies, Denmark food for the sick, and Sweden would undertake the work of disinfection of the city.

The Riksdag will be asked by the Swedish Red Cross to appropriate 1,000,000 crowns for the work.

American Line to Operate

Leviathan, Says Ship Board

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.—The giant liner Leviathan will be operated by the American line when it is ready for the transatlantic passenger service, the Shipping Board announced to-day. She is undergoing extensive repairs, and it is believed she will be ready by early summer.

Bela Kun Declared No

Sympathizer With 'Reds'

Professor Philip Marshall Brown, of Princeton, who was an observer dele-

gated by the peace conference to Hungary, declared yesterday at a luncheon of the League of Free Nations, at the Hotel des Artistes, the Paris conference was opposed to a food blockade of Hungary.

Professor Brown said Herbert Hoover and other American officials in Europe were of the opinion that food should be shipped into Budapest, despite political conditions there.

The speaker had been an adviser of Bela Kun, who, he said, did not sympathize with the Bolshevik element. Bela Kun admitted defenseless men had been shot down, but said in defense he could not watch every one and he punished those guilty of such acts.

The speaker said his observation of

conditions in Hungary had convinced him that terrorism should be dealt with relentlessly by law, but the program of Bolshevism would have to be met by a program to remedy discontent and wrong.

Crystal Eastman, another speaker, defended the Soviet republic, and charged it was the economic blockade that had prevented orderly working of Socialist theories in Hungary. She said Bela Kun's dictatorship seemed less extreme than Woodrow Wilson's. Captain M. M. Knight, who was with the Rumanian army, also spoke.

Argentine Assembly Is

Stoned by Angry Crowds

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 15.—Stormy scenes have occurred in Congress since the special session, called November 4. On two occasions spectators in the galleries hurled missiles at the Deputies and created other disorders, for which the police ejected them.

A formal motion by a Conservative

member for impeachment of President Irigoyen was one of the contributory incidents, a bitter controversy growing out of the President's recent action in invoking constitutional powers to intervene in two provinces, and remove the

governors and other officials on the grounds of maladministration. It is said the President planned to replace the governors with inventors to govern until the next provincial election.

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